Design and Implementation of Zynq-Based Reconfigurable System for JPEG 2000 Compression

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Abstract-This paper proposes design and implementation of area efficient Zynq-based selfreconfigurable system to perform jpeg 2000 compression, due to more complexity of jpeg 2000, hardware implementation on reconfigurable hardware fabric is needed. Here, we are proposed an embedded system named as zynq system which utilizes the filter bit streams for image compression. In the zynq there two major parts processing system and are programmable logic. The programmable logic means FPGA. FPGA is the reconfigurable system in which the compression filter bit streams are designed to perform jpeg 2000 compression. Here we used zyng-7010 ARM cortex- A9 series processor system, using Xilinx platform. The partial bit stream of 2-D DWT is created in SDK tool and then the FPGA is programmed for our required image compression. The results of accuracy and hardware components used are calculated.

I. INTRODUCTION

The To implement the functionality of entire application on a system it requires several physical components, so SoC means system on chip which enables all the physical parts in one chip. The components like digital analog and mixed signals applications are performed. The SoC is capable of high volume marketing. So, there is a need of flexibility and this gives the system on programmable chip. The SoC are of ASIC Application Specific Integrated Circuit based and FPGA based. In ASIC designs must be sent for expensive and time consuming fabrication in semiconductor foundry and designed all the way from behavioural description to physical layout in fpga the design bought off the shelf and reconfigured by designers themselves and no physical layout design in this the design ends with a bit stream used to configure a device The disadvantage of ASIC is Manufacturing cycle for ASIC is very costly, lengthy and engages lots of manpower Mistakes not detected at design time have large impact on development time and cost and FPGAs are perfect for rapid prototyping of digital circuits Easy upgrades like in case of software Unique applications reconfigurable computing Here we are selected zynq-7020 FPGA board using Xilinx platform studio, because field programmable gate array have reconfigurable hard ware architecture hence the JPEG2000 image with high speed and reduced size can be obtained low risk and low power consumption The proposed SOC for image compression is evaluated up to1GHz on Xilinx Zynq based ARM cortex- A9 processor.

II. LITERATURE SURVEY

ZYNQ PLATFORM:

As we said earlier it mainly consists of two parts *Processing system*: PS consists of dual core ARM cortex A9 processor. It is the hard core processor. It consists of caches DMA controller and peripherals

consists of caches, DMA controller, and peripherals like USB, SPI, UART etc. Advanced Microcontroller Bus Architecture is used for connection of blocks in system.

It consists of Application processing unit in which dual core processor and Media processing engine and floating point are there. It has level 1, level 2, and on chip memory of 256 kb. It has snoop control unit which forms a path to level 1 & 2 and on chip memory of processing system and it also has memory management unit. Neon Engine can accept SIMD and it is applied to image and video processing which are operate in large no of samples.

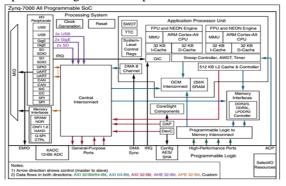


Fig-1: Architecture of zynq

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Programmable logic: PL is fabricated by hybrid FPGA. It consists of soft core processor (Micro blaze). It consists of configurable logic blocks which are built by logic slices, logic slice is a sub unit of CLB, contain resources for implementing combinational and sequential logics. Zynq slices consists of 4 look up tables, 8 flip flops

LUT is a flexible resource cable of implementing logic function up to 6 inputs and a small ROM. LUT can combined together to form larger logic functional blocks, memories

In the CLB there is switch matrix which provides routing for connection between elements within CLB and from one CLB to another resource

Special resources: PL consists of special like DSP48EI and Block RAMS

DSP48EI is for high speed arithmetic and Block RAM for base memory management

Designing with zynq: In the vivado design suite the zynq is designed for our application

Vivado simulator: simulator environment for testing the hardware component within system

Vivado logic analyzer: In system verification of design

System analyzer: it is used for creating and simulating the DSP designs

Vivado HLS: for hardware synthesis from c-level description

ZED Board: zynq evaluation board

The board consists of general purpose i/o and 9 LED,8 Switches and 7 push buttons. It has audio codec and video HDMI and VGA port USB cables like OTG, JTAG, UART and sd card.

III. JPEG2000 COMPRESSION

In the real time the usage of digital images are increasing greater and greater today we are using digital images in many different applications but before 15 years the usage is very rare. Today we are using at medical imaging, digital photography, image archiving, multimedia technology and Internet viewing .in order to transmit or store images requires more memory size so he image size should be reduced. For that compression is needed, the steps involved in the JPEG compression is shown below.

Pre-processing: In the pre-processing the pixels are partitioned into equal parts that means into equal tiles *Discrete wavelet transforms*:

This is the main block for the entire JPEG compression. Where the basic compression is take

place Discrete Wavelet Transform (DWT) is used to decompose each tile component into different subbands. The transform is in the form of dyadic decomposition and use bi-orthogonal wavelets. *Quantizer:*

It is the baseline block. In which the uniform quantization and inverse quantization. After transformation, all coefficients are quantized using scalar quatization.Quantization reduces coefficients in precision. The operation is lossy unless the quantization step is 1 and the coefficients integers (e.g. reversible integer 5/3 wavelet)

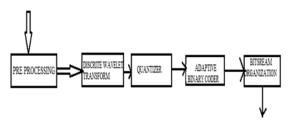
Adaptive binary encoder:

In each sub bands of the binary coding entropy encoded to create the compressed bit-stream.

JPEG 2000 bit-stream organization:

There are some steps involved in this organisation Canvas coordinate system, Resolution grid, recinct and code block partitioning,Layers and packet ,Packet header,Progression order

ORIGINAL IMAGE



COMPRESSED IMAGE

Fig-2: Block diagram of JPEG2000 compression IV. ZYNQ SYSTEM FOR JPEG200 COMPRESSION

In this section we discussed about the proposed Hardware and Software platform for JPEG compression. System on chip implementation for jpeg compression involves three layers in it. The three layers are hardware platform followed by operating system (OS) and the required application that is to be carried out. Pictorially it is shown below

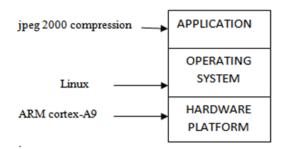


Fig-3 Layers of hardware

The above figure shows the layers of the project carried out. In the first layer it is about our application that is image compression and the second layer about operating system. Here we used Linux operating system and the third layer about the hardware design of zynq system processor

Booting Sequence:

When power on the ZED board, a piece of programme is require initialize the memory FSBL is the first stage boot loader is created in SDK and it configures the PS

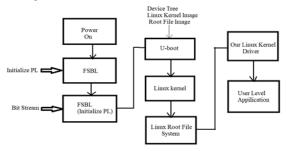


Fig-4: Booting sequence of zynq system

The hardware design is implemented using vivado design suite and generate bit stream file and in the SDK executable (.elf) file is created for our application that means for 2-D DWT is created and then boot image created and loaded into SD card which is connected to zed board. FPGA will be programmed and the required compression of JPEG 2000 is carried out.

	used
17600	2821(16 %)
10000	5010 (50%)
80	6 (7%)
80	0 (0%)
	10000 80

Table: comparison of available and used resources

V. RESULTS

The results of BMP image is shown below in the figure. Which are compressed by zynq fpga system the outputs of JPEG 2000 compressions are obtained



Fig-5:.BMP image-1 (2505KB)



Fig-6: JPEG 2000 compressed image-1 (700 KB)



Fig-7 BMP image-2 (2042 KB)



Fig-8 JPEG 2000 compressed image-2 (842 KB) VI. CONCLUSION

In this paper, we propose partial reconfigurable zynq system to JPEG compression filter. Hardware implementation of filter engine onto the FPGA fabric provides computing capability of jpeg 2000compression.Only a small amount of resources are used in this project

VII. FUTURE SCOPE

In this project we used only 5% of resources. in future can reduce the noise of the compressed image. so the remaining 95% of resources can be used to another application at a time in the zynq system

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16

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